

Discipline Data Definitions:

- -Air gun (Kansas School Safety and Security Act): Any device which will or is designed to or may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by the release of compressed air or gas, and which is of 0.18 caliber or less and has a muzzle velocity that does not exceed 700 feet per second.
- -Another educational setting (Discipline of Students with Disabilities (IDEA)): An appropriate setting determined by the child's IEP team or a hearing officer in which the child is placed for no more than 45 school days. This setting enables the child to continue to receive educational services and participate in the general education curriculum (although in another setting) and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the IEP. As appropriate, the setting includes a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur.
- -Bullying: There are four types of bullying: Physical, Cyber, Verbal, and Relational. See individual definitions. If a bullying incident falls under two or more categories, please use the following hierarchy to report the incident as the more severe type of bullying.
 - 1. Physical Bullying
 - 2. Cyber Bullying
 - 3. Verbal Bullying
 - 4. Relational Bullying
- -Cyber Bullying: Bullying by use of any electronic communication device through means, including, but not limited to, e-mail, instant messaging, text messages, blogs, mobile phones, pagers, online games, and websites.
- -Days of removal based on a Special Education Expedited Due Process Hearing Officer's determination that maintaining the child's placement is substantially likely to cause injury to the child or others: Instances in which an impartial special education expedited due process hearing officer orders the removal of a child with disabilities (IDEA) from their current educational placement to an appropriate alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days based on the special education expedited due process hearing officer's determination that maintaining the child's current placement is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or others. The IEP team is responsible for determining the interim alternative educational setting. Please note that a special education expedited due process is only appointed by KSDE and does not include any district hearing officer.

- -Days of Removal by School Personnel (not the IEP team) to another educational setting: Instances in which school personnel (not the IEP team) order the removal of children with disabilities (IDEA) from their current educational placement to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days. The IEP team is responsible for determining the interim alternative educational setting. Unilateral removals do not include decisions by the IEP team to change a student's placement.
- -Destructive device (Students Involved with Firearms): The term "destructive device" used in part (D) of the definition of "firearm" means

A. any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas-

i. bomb,

ii. grenade

iii. rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces,

iv. missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one

quarter ounce,

v. mine, or

vi. device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses;

B. any type of weapon (other than a shotgun or a shotgun shell which the Attorney General finds is generally recognized as particularly suitable for sporting purposes) by whatever name known which will, or which may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or other propellant, and which has any barrel with a bore of more than one-half inch in diameter; and

C. any combination of parts either designed or intended for use in converting any device into any destructive device described in subparagraph (A) or (B) and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled.

The term "destructive device" shall not include any device which is neither designed nor redesigned for use as a weapon; any device, although originally designed for use as a weapon, which is redesigned for use as a signaling, pyrotechnic, line throwing, safety or similar device; surplus ordnance sold, loaned, or given by the Secretary of the Army pursuant to the provisions of section 4684 (2), 4685, 4686 of title 10; or any other device which the attorney general finds is not likely to be used as a weapon, is an antique, or is a rifle which the owner intends to use solely for sporting, recreational or cultural purposes.

- -Drugs (Discipline of Students with Disabilities (IDEA)): The use, possession, sale, or solicitation of drugs as identified in 21 U.S.C. Section 812(c). These offenses do <u>not</u> include the use, possession, sale, or solicitation of alcohol or tobacco.
- **-Expulsion:** An action taken by the LEA removing a child from his/her regular school for disciplinary purposes for the remainder of the school year or longer. In no case may an expulsion exceed 186 school days. Include removals that are modified to less than 365 days.
- -Felony (Kansas School Safety and Security Act): Any crime designated a felony by the laws of Kansas or the United States.
- -Firearm (Students Involved with Firearms): A firearm is defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, Definitions as follows:
 - A. any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive;
 - B. the frame or receiver of any such weapon;
 - C. any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or
 - D. any destructive device.

Such term does not include an antique firearm, toy guns, cap guns, bb guns, and pellet guns.

- -In-School Suspensions: Instances in which a child is temporarily removed from his/her regular classroom(s) for disciplinary purposes but remains under the direct supervision of school personnel, including but not limited to children who are receiving the services in their IEP, appropriately participate in the general curriculum, and participate with children without disabilities to the extent they would have in their regular placement. Direct supervision means school personnel are physically in the same location as students under their supervision.
- -Misdemeanor (Kansas School Safety and Security Act): Any crime designated a misdemeanor by the laws of Kansas or the United States.
- -Other (bullying): An outcome from a bullying incident that is not an In-School Suspension, Out-of-School Suspension, or Expulsion. Examples include, among others, diversion programs, community service, group sessions, or conferencing.
- -Out-of-School Suspensions: Instances in which a child is temporarily removed from his/her regular school for disciplinary purposes to another setting (e.g., home, behavior center). This includes both removals in which no IEP services are provided because the removal is 10 days or less as well as removals in which the child continues to receive services according to his/her IEP.

- -Physical Bullying: Involves hurting a person's body or possessions. Physical bullying occurs when a person uses overt bodily acts to gain power over peers. Physical bullying includes:
 - Hitting/Kicking/Pinching
 - Spitting
 - Tripping/Pushing/Shoving
 - Taking or breaking someone's personal property
 - Making mean or rude hand gestures
 - Hazing
- -Relational Bullying: Relational Bullying is the systematic diminishment of a targeted child's sense of self through the following that could lead to rejection and/or alienation. The behavior describes an individual, or a group of individuals, who try to hurt a peer, or sacrifice another's standing within their peer group. Examples include:
 - Ignoring
 - Isolating
 - Excluding
 - Shunning
 - Gossiping
- -Rifle (Students Involved with Firearms): Rifle is either a rifle or a "short-barreled rifle."
- A. The term "rifle" means a weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of an explosive to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.
- B. The term "short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having one or more barrels less than sixteen inches in length and any weapon made from a rifle (whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise) if such weapon, as modified, has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches.
- -Serious bodily injury (Discipline of Students with Disabilities (IDEA)): A bodily injury that involves a substantial risk of death; extreme physical pain; protracted and obvious disfigurement; or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ or faculty. (18 USC Section 1365(h)(3))
- -Shotgun (Students Involved with Firearms): Shotgun is either a shotgun or a "short-barreled shotgun."
- A. The term "shotgun" means a weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the

energy of an explosive to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.

B. The term "short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having one or more barrels less than eighteen inches in length and any weapon made from a shotgun (whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise) if such weapon, as modified, has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches.

-Verbal Bullying: Involves saying or writing mean things. Verbal bullying occurs when someone uses language to gain power over his or her peers. Verbal bullying includes:

- Teasing
- Name-Calling
- Inappropriate sexual comments
- Taunting
- Threatening to cause harm
- Critical Criticism
- Belittling
- Personal Defamation
- Racist Slurs
- Sexually suggestive and/or abusive remarks
- Extortion

-Weapon (Kansas School Safety and Security Act):

- (A) Any weapon which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive;
- (B) the frame or receiver of any weapon described in the preceding example;
- (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer;
- (D) any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas: (i) Bomb; (ii) grenade; (iii) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (iv) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than 1/4 ounce; (v) mine; or (vi) similar device;
- (E) any weapon which will, or which may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or other propellant, and which has any barrel with a bore of more than 1/2 inch in diameter;
- (F) any combination of parts either designed or intended for use in converting any device into any destructive device described in the two immediately preceding examples, and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled;
- (G) any bludgeon, sandclub, metal knuckles or throwing star;
- (H) any knife, commonly referred to as a switch-blade, which has a blade that opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife, or any knife

having a blade that opens or falls or is ejected into position by the force of gravity or by an outward, downward or centrifugal thrust or movement; or

(I) any electronic device designed to discharge immobilizing levels of electricity, commonly known as a stun gun.

The term "weapon" does not include within its meaning:

- (A) An antique firearm;
- (B) an air gun;
- (C) any device which is neither designed nor redesigned for use as a weapon;
- (D) any device, although originally designed for use as a weapon, which is redesigned for use as a signaling, pyrotechnic, line throwing, safety or similar device;
- (E) surplus ordinance sold, loaned or given by the secretary of the army pursuant to the provisions of 10 U.S.C. § 4684(2), 4685 or 4686; or
- (F) class C common fireworks.

-Weapon Type (Students Involved with Firearms):

Weapon in this question refers only to firearms. The permitted values are:

- Handguns
- Rifles / Shotguns
 - o Rifle is either a rifle or a "short-barreled rifle."
 - A. The term "rifle" means a weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of an explosive to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.
 - B. The term "short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having one or more barrels less than sixteen inches in length and any weapon made from a rifle (whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise) if such weapon, as modified, has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches.
 - o Shotgun is either a shotgun or a "short-barreled shotgun."
 - A. The term "shotgun" means a weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of an explosive to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.
 - B. The term "short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having one or more barrels less than eighteen inches in length and any weapon made from a shotgun (whether by alteration,

modification, or otherwise) if such weapon, as modified, has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches.

- Other Any firearm that is not a handgun or a rifle or a shotgun.
 - o A firearm is defined in Title 18 USC§921, Definitions as follows:
 - A. any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive;
 - B. the frame or receiver of any such weapon;
 - C. any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or
 - D. any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- Multiple Use of more than one of the above (handguns, rifles/shotgun, or other)

-Weapons (Discipline of Students with Disabilities (IDEA)):

A weapon, device, instrument, material, or substance, animate or inanimate, that is used for, or is readily capable of causing death or serious bodily injury; such a term does <u>not</u> include a pocket knife with a blade of less than 2 ½ inches in length. (18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2))